

3D Analysis of the Influence of Varying Rock/Soil Profiles on Seismic NPP Response

B. Jeremić, N. Tafazzoli, N. Orbović, A. Blahoianu

University of California, Davis, CA, U.S.A.
Canadian Nuclear Safety Commission, Ottawa, ON, Canada

SMiRT 21, New Delhi, India, November 2011

Outline

Introduction

The Issues and Modelling Approaches

The Problem

The Modelling

Simulations Results

Variable Single Layer Base: Soil or Rock

Variable Thickness Soil Layer

Summary

Outline

Introduction

The Issues and Modelling Approaches

The Problem

The Modelling

Simulations Results

Variable Single Layer Base: Soil or Rock

Variable Thickness Soil Layer

Summary

Introduction

- ▶ High fidelity numerical simulations of seismic effects on NPPs
 - ▶ Realistic seismic motions (3D, inclined motions, surface and body waves, lack of correlation, etc.)
 - ▶ Realistic solids and structures modeling
- ▶ Understanding 3D, inclined waves and their interaction with variable soil/rock profiles

Outline

Introduction

The Issues and Modelling Approaches

The Problem

The Modelling

Simulations Results

Variable Single Layer Base: Soil or Rock

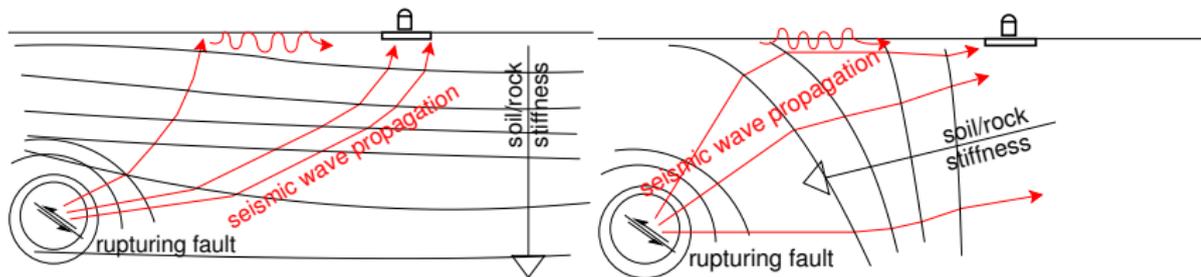
Variable Thickness Soil Layer

Summary



Seismic Motions

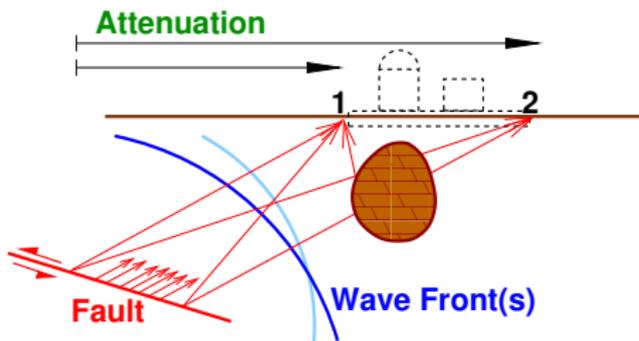
- ▶ Seismic motions: Body (SV, SH, P) and Surface (Rayleigh, Love) waves
- ▶ 3D, inclined, uncorrelated (incoherent)
- ▶ Effects of soil/rock layers on motions





Spatial Variability (Incoherence, Lack of Correlation)

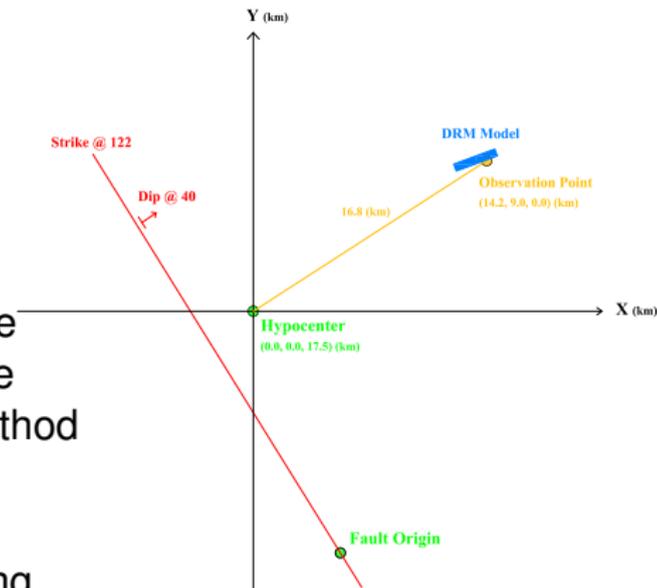
- ▶ Attenuation effects,
- ▶ Wave passage effects,
- ▶ Scattering effects,
- ▶ Extended source effects





Seismic Motion Development

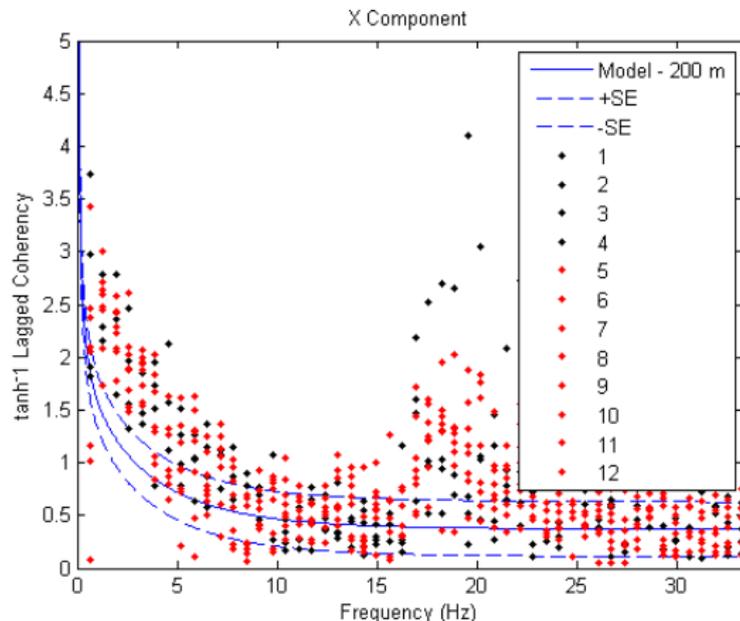
- ▶ Green's functions regional model up to 15Hz
- ▶ Prof. Hisada's code
- ▶ Seismic waves propagated to NPP site
- ▶ Motions input using the Domain Reduction Method
- ▶ Lack of correlation inherent in regional ground motion modeling





Uncorrelated/Incoherent Motions for Rock and Soil

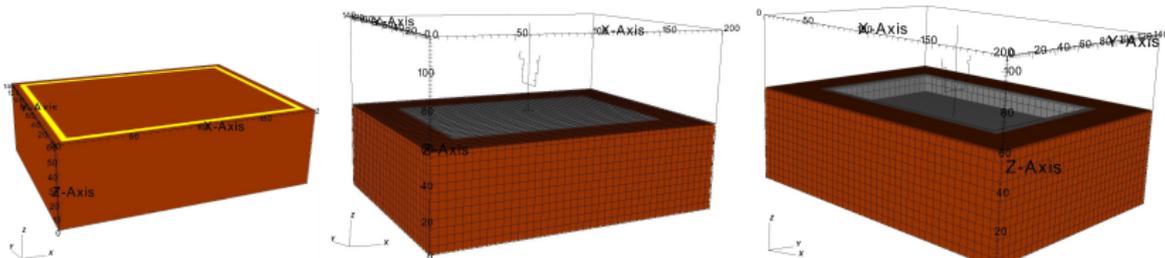
- ▶ Original lack of correlation
- ▶ T. Ancheta development
- ▶ Further lack of correlation added using Abrahamson models for rock and soil (assuming ergodicity)





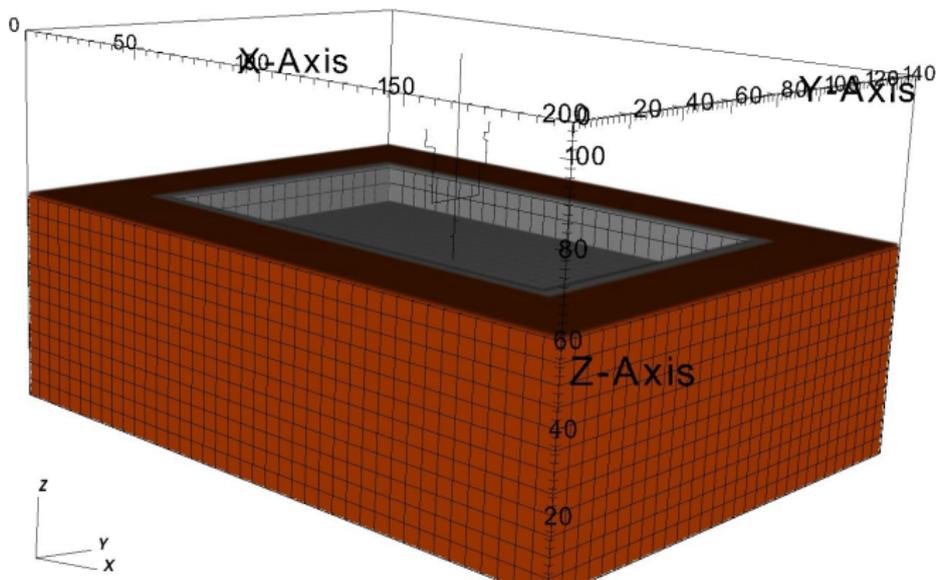
Finite Element Models for the NPP

- ▶ Wave propagation with small error for given frequencies
 - ▶ $v_s = 2600\text{m/s}$, $h = 5\text{m}$, $f_{max} = 65\text{Hz}$;
 - ▶ $v_s = 1500\text{m/s}$, $h = 5\text{m}$, $f_{max} = 37\text{Hz}$;
 - ▶ $v_s = 1000\text{m/s}$, $h = 5\text{m}$, $f_{max} = 25\text{Hz}$;
 - ▶ $v_s = 300\text{m/s}$, $h = 5\text{m}$, $f_{max} = 7\text{Hz}$
- ▶ Free field, surface and embedded foundations





3D Embedded Foundation Models



Outline

Introduction

The Issues and Modelling Approaches

The Problem

The Modelling

Simulations Results

Variable Single Layer Base: Soil or Rock

Variable Thickness Soil Layer

Summary

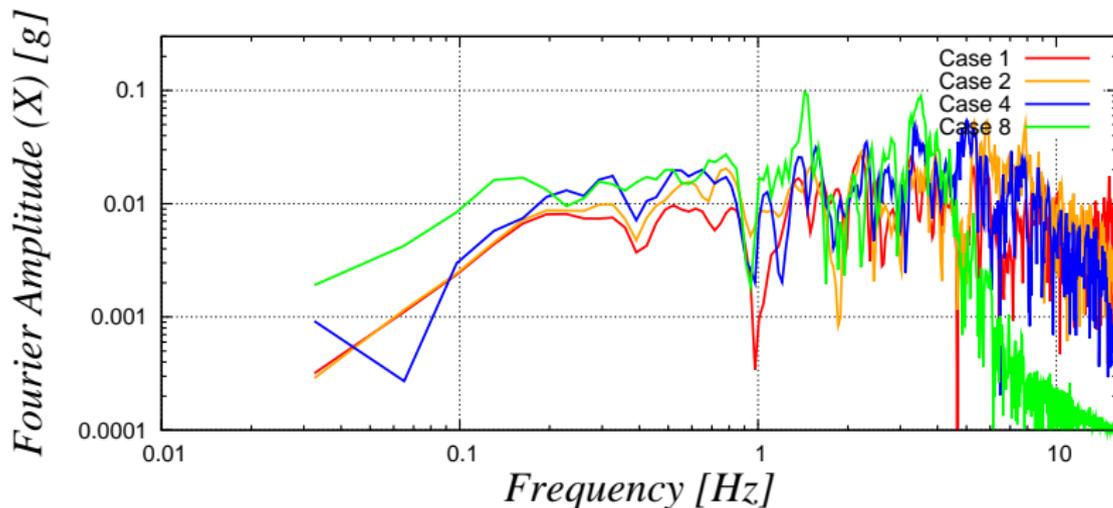


Variable Single Layer Base: Soil or Rock

- ▶ Four uniform rock/soil profiles
 - ▶ Case 1: $V_s = 2600\text{m/s}$
 - ▶ Case 2: $V_s = 1500\text{m/s}$
 - ▶ Case 4: $V_s = 1000\text{m/s}$
 - ▶ Case 8: $V_s = 300\text{m/s}$
- ▶ Gradual rise in stiffness 500m below uniform rock profiles
- ▶ Full 3D, inclined, uncorrelated motions, including body and surface waves, input using DRM

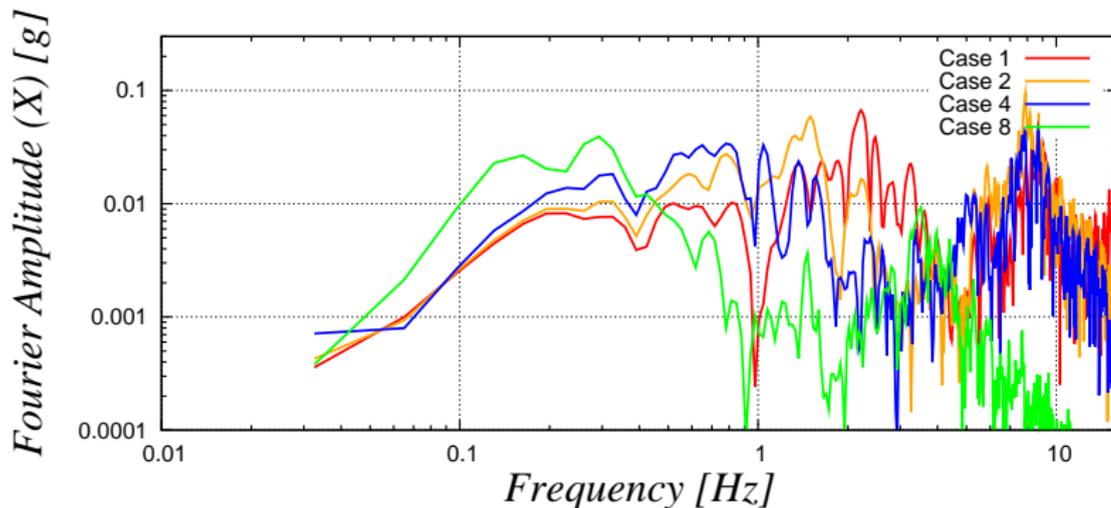


Base of the Internal Struct. on Surface Foundation





Top of the Internal Struct. on Surface Foundation



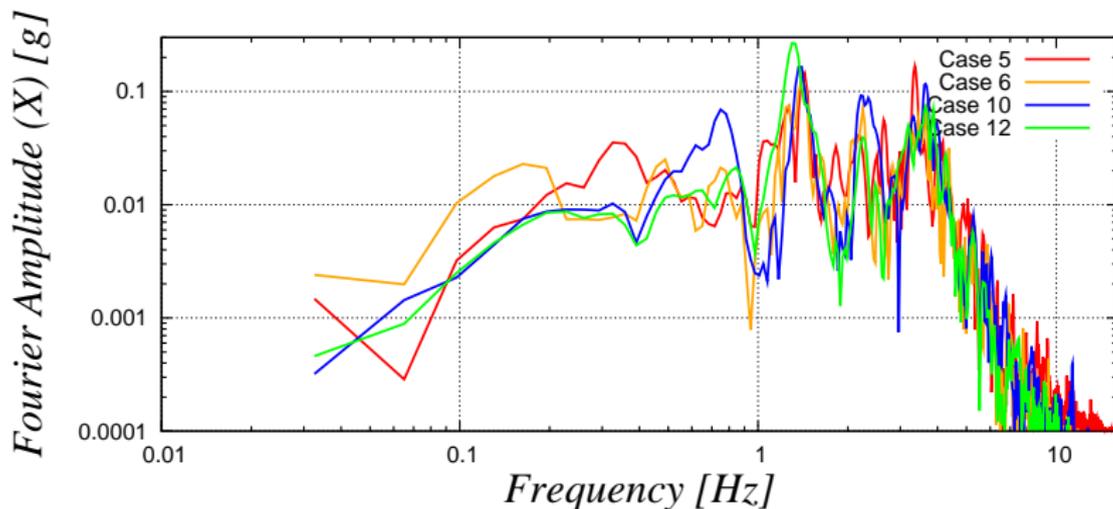


Variable Thickness Soil Layer

- ▶ Four variable thickness soil ($V_s = 300\text{m/s}$) profiles
 - ▶ Case 6: $H_{soil} = 500\text{m}$
 - ▶ Case 5: $H_{soil} = 200\text{m}$
 - ▶ Case 10: $H_{soil} = 100\text{m}$
 - ▶ Case 12: $H_{soil} = 50\text{m}$
- ▶ Stiff rock $V_s = 2600\text{m/s}$ beneath these soil profiles
- ▶ Full 3D, inclined, uncorrelated motions, including body and surface waves, input using DRM

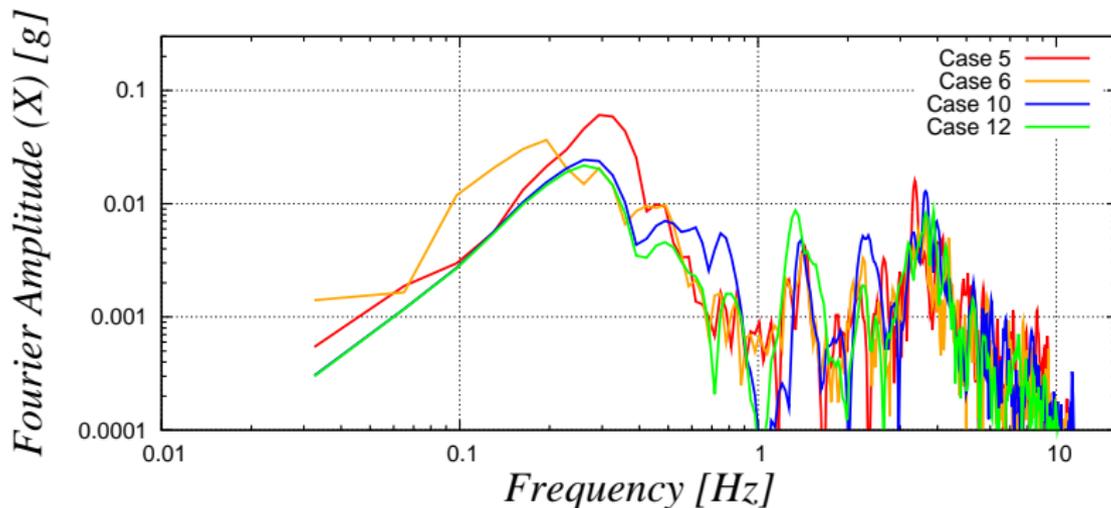


Base of the Internal Struct. on Surface Foundation





Top of the Internal Struct. on Surface Foundation



Outline

Introduction

The Issues and Modelling Approaches

The Problem

The Modelling

Simulations Results

Variable Single Layer Base: Soil or Rock

Variable Thickness Soil Layer

Summary

Summary

- ▶ Realistic seismic motions (3D, inclined, uncorrelated, body and surface waves) do influence NPP ESSI response for variable soil/rock conditions
- ▶ Influences do vary in significance but are always present and need to be modeled and simulated
- ▶ Importance of high fidelity modeling to reduce modeling uncertainty
- ▶ Funding by and Collaboration with the CNSC is gratefully acknowledged